

平成 30 年度 研究成果報告書

Research Plan FY2018

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| 講座名・職名 Course Title・Job Title | Asia 3, Specially Appointed Lecturer |
| 氏名 Name | Ved Prakash Singh |
| 専門分野 Academic Field | Hindi Literature |

平成 30 年度 研究計画 (ホームページで公開) Research Plan FY2018 (Post on Website)

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| 主たる研究テーマ Principal Research Subject | Rahul Sankrityayan's Literature | | | | |
| “Research Plan FY2018” | | | | | |
| <p>Rahul Sankrityayan was born on April 9, 1893 as Kedar Pandey in a village in Azamgarh district of Uttar Pradesh, he breathed his last on April 14, 1963. Rahul Sankrityayan, who was universally called Mahapandit (great scholar) as he knew nearly 30 languages and could speak, read and write with great facility more than a dozen of them including English, French, German, Tibetan, Sanskrit, Pali, Urdu, Persian, Arabic, Tamil and Russian, almost always wrote in Hindi. By the time he died at the age of 70, he had already penned nearly 140 books, some of which are considered classics even to this day.</p> <p>When Rahul's monumental two-volume “Madhya Asia Ka Itihas” (History of Central Asia) appeared in 1956-1957, it immediately fetched him the Sahitya Akademi Award in 1958. “Volga se Ganga”, “Bhago Nahin (Duniya ko) Badlo”, “Ghumakkad Shastra” are also his milestone works. Although widely known for his knowledge of Indian history, epigraphy and archaeology, he chose to write on Central Asia as there was no book on the subject in Hindi. During his extensive travels in Russia and Central Asia, he had realized that one could not understand India's history without understanding the vital links it had with Central Asia. Later, he also prepared a Tibetan-Hindi dictionary for the Akademi. Unfortunately, only one volume of this important work could see the light of day.</p> | | | | | |
| 共同研究可能な分野 Research Fields feasible for joint research *1 | | | | | |
| キーワード Keywords*2 | Hindi | Literature | | | |